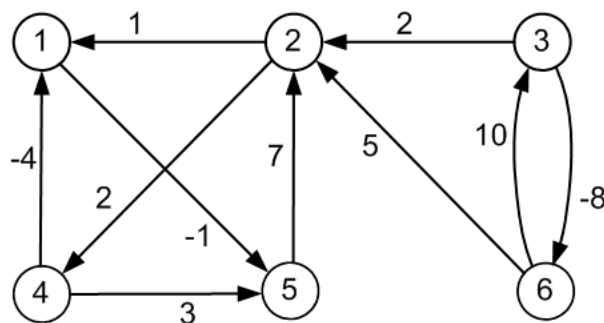


## All Pairs Shortest Paths

### Aufgabe 1

Wenden Sie den Algorithmus SLOW-ALL-PAIRS-SHORTEST-PATHS auf den folgenden gerichteten Graphen an. Geben Sie die Matrizen an, die nach jeder Iteration des for-Loops in den Zeilen 3-4 entstehen. Machen Sie dasselbe mit dem Algorithmus FASTER-ALL-PAIRS-SHORTEST-PATHS.



SLOW-ALL-PAIRS-SHORTEST-PATHS ( $W$ )

```

1   $n \leftarrow \text{rows}[W]$ 
2   $L^{(1)} \leftarrow W$ 
3  for  $m \leftarrow 2$  to  $n-1$ 
4      do  $L^{(m)} \leftarrow \text{EXTEND-SHORTEST-PATHS}(L^{(m-1)}, W)$ 
5  return  $L^{(n-1)}$ 
  
```

FASTER-ALL-PAIRS-SHORTEST-PATHS ( $W$ )

```

1   $n \leftarrow \text{rows}[W]$ 
2   $L^{(1)} \leftarrow W$ 
3   $m \leftarrow 1$ 
4  while  $m < n-1$ 
5      do  $L^{(2^m)} \leftarrow \text{EXTEND-SHORTEST-PATHS}(L^{(m)}, L^{(m)})$ 
6           $m \leftarrow 2m$ 
7  return  $L^{(m)}$ 
  
```

EXTEND-SHORTEST-PATHS ( $L, W$ )

```

1   $n \leftarrow \text{rows}[L]$ 
2  sei  $L' = (l'_{ij})$  eine  $n \times n$  – Matrix.
3  for  $i \leftarrow 1$  to  $n$ 
4      do for  $j \leftarrow 1$  to  $n$ 
5          do  $l'_{ij} \leftarrow \infty$ 
6              for  $k \leftarrow 1$  to  $n$ 
7                  do  $l'_{ij} \leftarrow \min(l'_{ij}, l_{ik} + w_{kj})$ 
8  return  $L'$ 
  
```

## Aufgabe 2

Berechnen Sie zu folgendem Graphen  $G = (V, E)$  mit  $V = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ ,  $E = \{(4,1), (4,3), (3,2), (2,3), (2,4)\}$  die transitive Hülle. Notieren Sie alle Matrizen  $T^{(k)}$ ,  $k = 1, \dots, 4$ , die nach jeder äußeren for-Schleife (Zeilen 7-10) entstehen.

$$t_{ij}^{(0)} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } i \neq j \text{ und } (i,j) \notin E \\ 1 & \text{if } i = j \text{ oder } (i,j) \in E \end{cases}$$

$$t_{ij}^{(k)} = t_{ij}^{(k-1)} \vee t_{ik}^{(k-1)} \wedge t_{kj}^{(k-1)}$$

| A | B | $A \wedge B$ | $A \vee B$ |
|---|---|--------------|------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0            | 0          |
| 0 | 1 | 0            | 1          |
| 1 | 0 | 0            | 1          |
| 1 | 1 | 1            | 1          |

TRANSITIVE-CLOSURE(**G**)

```

1  n ← |V[G]|
2  for i ← 1 to n
3    do for j ← 1 to n
4      do if i = j or (i, j) ∈ E[G]
5          then tij(0) ← 1
6          else tij(0) ← 0
7  for k ← 1 to n
8    do for i ← 1 to n
9      do for j ← 1 to n
10         do tij(k) ← tij(k-1) ∨ (tik(k-1) ∧ tkj(k-1))
11  return T(n)
```

Schablonen zu Aufgabe 1:

| <b>W</b> | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1        | 0 |   |   |   |   |   |
| 2        |   | 0 |   |   |   |   |
| 3        |   |   | 0 |   |   |   |
| 4        |   |   |   | 0 |   |   |
| 5        |   |   |   |   | 0 |   |
| 6        |   |   |   |   |   | 0 |

| <b>L<sup>(2)</sup></b> | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1                      | 0 |   |   |   |   |   |
| 2                      |   | 0 |   |   |   |   |
| 3                      |   |   | 0 |   |   |   |
| 4                      |   |   |   | 0 |   |   |
| 5                      |   |   |   |   | 0 |   |
| 6                      |   |   |   |   |   | 0 |



| <b>L<sup>(4)</sup></b> | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1                      | 0 |   |   |   |   |   |
| 2                      |   | 0 |   |   |   |   |
| 3                      |   |   | 0 |   |   |   |
| 4                      |   |   |   | 0 |   |   |
| 5                      |   |   |   |   | 0 |   |
| 6                      |   |   |   |   |   | 0 |



| <b>L<sup>(3)</sup></b> | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1                      | 0 |   |   |   |   |   |
| 2                      |   | 0 |   |   |   |   |
| 3                      |   |   | 0 |   |   |   |
| 4                      |   |   |   | 0 |   |   |
| 5                      |   |   |   |   | 0 |   |
| 6                      |   |   |   |   |   | 0 |



| <b>L<sup>(4)</sup></b> | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1                      | 0 |   |   |   |   |   |
| 2                      |   | 0 |   |   |   |   |
| 3                      |   |   | 0 |   |   |   |
| 4                      |   |   |   | 0 |   |   |
| 5                      |   |   |   |   | 0 |   |
| 6                      |   |   |   |   |   | 0 |

**Schablonen zu Aufgabe 2:**  $G^{(0)}$  ist der vollständige Graph

| $G^{(0)}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|
| 1         | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2         | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3         | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 4         | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

$$t_{ij}^{(0)} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } i \neq j \text{ und } (i,j) \notin E \\ 1 & \text{if } i = j \text{ oder } (i,j) \in E \end{cases}$$

$$t_{ij}^{(k)} = t_{ij}^{(k-1)} \vee t_{ik}^{(k-1)} \wedge t_{kj}^{(k-1)}$$

| $G^{(1)}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|
| 1         | 1 |   |   |   |
| 2         |   | 1 |   |   |
| 3         |   |   | 1 |   |
| 4         |   |   |   | 1 |

| $G^{(2)}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|
| 1         | 1 |   |   |   |
| 2         |   | 1 |   |   |
| 3         |   |   | 1 |   |
| 4         |   |   |   | 1 |

| $G^{(3)}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|
| 1         | 1 |   |   |   |
| 2         |   | 1 |   |   |
| 3         |   |   | 1 |   |
| 4         |   |   |   | 1 |

| $G^{(4)}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|
| 1         | 1 |   |   |   |
| 2         |   | 1 |   |   |
| 3         |   |   | 1 |   |
| 4         |   |   |   | 1 |

$G^{(4)}$  ist die transitive Hülle.